

### Senior Space Science Expert Badge

# Lifecycle of a Star p.1

Stars, like people, have a lifecycle. Scrapbook the lives of stars.

### **Star Forming Region/Prenatal Stage:**

Stars are created in large clouds of gas and dust called "nebula," or stellar nurseries.



#### **Protostars/Birth:**

When there is enough mass for Hydrogen to fuse into Helium at its core, a star is born!



Star Cluster in the Center of the Rosette (NGC 2244)



The Pleaiades(M45)



The Wild Duck Cluster (M11)



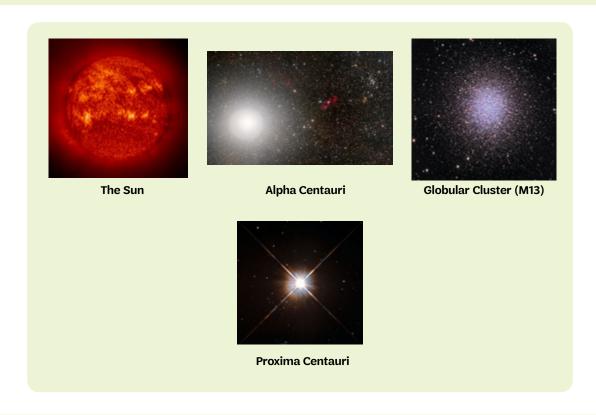
### Senior Space Science Expert Badge

## Lifecycle of a Star p.2

Stars, like people, have a lifecycle. Scrapbook the lives of stars.

### **Main Sequence Stars/Adulthood:**

A star will spend most of its life steadily converting Hydrogen into Helium and not changing size very much.



### **Crisis/Aging Stars:**

When a star runs out of Hydrogen fuel, it undergoes rapid structural changes, making the star expand and contract.





### Senior Space Science Expert Badge

### Lifecycle of a Star p.3

Stars, like people, have a lifecycle. Scrapbook the lives of stars.

### **Crisis/Aging Stars (contd.):**

When a star runs out of Hydrogen fuel, it undergoes rapid structural changes, making the star expand and contract.



**Blue Supergiant Rigel** 



**Blue Supergiant Deneb** 

#### Death:

When a star dies, there are different things that occur—which are dependent upon a star's mass. A small star's outer layers will gently expand as a planetary nebula, a shell of gas, and its center will become a white dwarf. A massive star will have a more violent end--a fiery supernova explosion, with its core becoming either a high density neutron star, or compressing into a stellar black hole.



The Ring Nebula (M57)



The Dumbbell Nebula (M27)



The Helix Nebula (NGC 7293)



The Crab Nebula (M1)



The Veil Nebula (NGC 6960 & 6992)